

HOTAKA BOOK NEWS

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MBRAS(王立アジア協会マレーシア支部)出版物

MBRAS: Malaysian Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society(王立アジア協会マレーシア支部)は、マレーシア、シンガポール、ブルネイに関する貴重資料や情報の収集を目的として、1877年に設立されました。現在は、この地域に関する研究の推進を主な目的とし、学術雑誌の出版と研究活動をおこなっています。穂高書店は、2014年秋に日本代理店となりました。取扱い可能なタイトルをご案内いたします。

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Monographs

M5

Rain Forest Collectors and Traders: A Study of Resource Utilization in Modern and Ancient Malaya

By F.L. Dunn 159pp. Size: 180x250mm. Softcover 1975 ¥4,500

Contents Introduction / Methods and Sources of Data/ Geographical Heterogeneity and Diversity in the Southern Malay Peninsula/ Present-day Biotic and Non-Biotic Resources in the Forest of the Malayan/ Protohistoric and Prehistoric Resources in the Forest of the Southern Malay Peninsula/ Ethnoecology/ Forest Product Collection and Trade in Modern Malaya/ Forest Product Collecting and Trade Between the 5th. and 19th. Centuries/ Prehistoric Forest Product Collecting and Trade/ A Concluding Summary



Literature Cited"Dunn's study is particularly welcome in providing considerable new information on the Temuan, one of the largest, and ethnographically previously most neglected, subgroupings of Proto-Malays. The author provides a wealth of new information on the Temuan interaction with their tropical rain forest environment, paying particular attention to their exploitation of forest resources, both for domestic use and for commercial trade in forest products, a trade which Dunn sees as a central element in the evolutionary development of all Orang Asli for thousands of years into the past. Unlike many specialist concerned with human ecology, Dunn avoids an exclusive concern with the flow of calories or protein between the Temuan and their forest ecosystem, and instead pays most of his attention to how their knowledge of forest ecology influences their adaptive successes. Such concerns with processes of information flow is often referred to as the study of ethnoecology...Dunn persuasively argues that the extremely complex nature of the Malaysian tropical rain forest demands that its human inhabitants develop and maintain an almost equally complex corpus of ecological knowledge.

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph5.html>

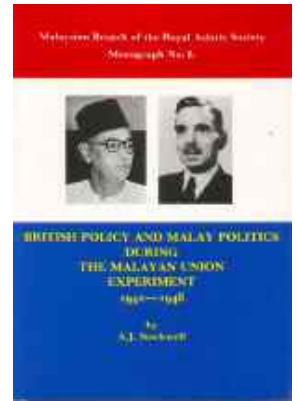
M8

British Policy and Malay Politics 1942-1948

By A.J. Stockwell 210pp. Size: 180x250mm. Softcover 1979 ¥4,500

Contents: Introduction/ Malay Political developments during the Japanese occupation of Malaya 1942-45/ The emergence of a new British policy for Malaya 1942-45/ Conflict – September 1945 to April 1946/ The Malay response to the Malayan Union – principles and practicalities/ Constitutional negotiations and Malay politics/ UMNO and the Malays 1946-48/ Malay radicalism 1945-48/ Cult movements and the struggle for political control in the kampong 1945-48/ The Malayan Union in retrospect

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph8.html>

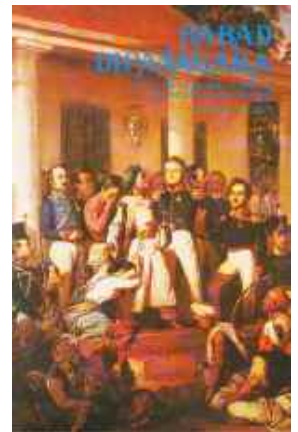


M9

Babad Dipanagara: An Account of the Outbreak of the Java War (1825-1830)

By P.B.R. Carey 491pp. Size: 150x240mm. Softcover 1981 ¥5,000

Contents: Illustrations/ Abbreviations/ Preface & Acknowledgements/ Note on the name "Dipanagara"/ Introduction/ The Manuscript/ The Date of the Manuscript/ The Authorship of the Manuscript/ The Viewpoint of the Author/ The Other Javanese Historical Accounts/ The European Source/ Orthography and Transliteration/ The Dating Systems/ Dipanagara and the Java War: An Historical Sketch/Synopsis of the Text



The Babad Dipanagara is a Javanese historical chronicle which describes the events leading up to the outbreak of the Java War (1825-1830) between the Yogyakarta prince Dipanagara and the Dutch colonial regime. ...

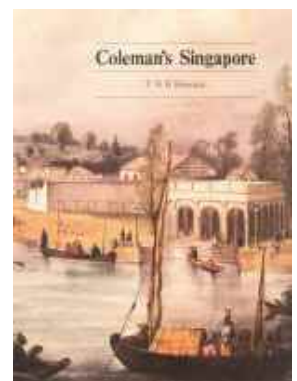
→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph9.html>

M15

Coleman's Singapore

By T.H.H. Hancock 94pp. Size: 250x290mm. Hardcover 1986 ¥4,500

Contents: Introduction/ Coleman's early life/ Coleman in Calcutta and Batavia/ Coleman returns to Singapore/ Coleman the Surveyor/ No. 3 Coleman Street/ Superintendent of Public Works/ Coleman leaves Singapore 1841/ Coleman remembered



At first glance, the title of this book may appear to be an exaggeration: but if we remember that the young George Coleman (1795-1844) arrived in Singapore when that sparsely populated settlement was only three years old, and that he not only surveyed the whole island and constructed inland roads and city streets, but also designed and erected many of the principal public and privately owned buildings in the urban area between 1828 and 1841, the reader will find little difficulty in accepting its accuracy. ...

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph15.html>

M16

Naning in Melaka

By Jonathan Cave 767pp. Size: 180x260mm. Hardcover 1989 ¥9,000

Contents: *List of Dato' Penghulu Naning Sri Raja Merah*

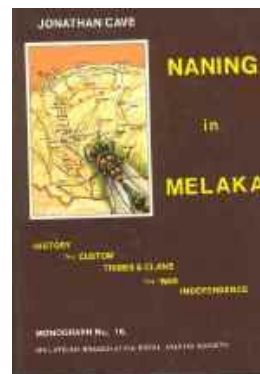
Book One: The History *Early Times and the Malacca Sultanate/ The Portuguese Era/ The Dutch East India Company/ The Establishment of British Rule/ Land and Revenue Questions/ The Question of Jurisdiction/ The War/ The Post-War Settlement/ The English East India Company's Administration....*

Book Two: The Custom *The Literary Approach/ Village Authority: the Family, Clan and its Inheritance/ Marriage and Marital Possessions/ Dissolution of Marriage....*

Book Three: The New Independence *Political Currents/ The Custome and Change*

Naning refers to a territory that occupies twenty-five mukims or parishes across the northern part of the State of Melaka and brushes on its northern boundary with Rembau and Tampin, which are constituent states of the Negri Sembilan. Southwards downriver are the mukims such as Beringin, Durian Tunggal and Kesang. Naning has an area of some 220 square miles and is the most southerly of the Districts or Luak where the Adat Perpatih obtains. However it was politically disjointed from its cousins in Negri Sembilan by four and a half centuries of Portuguese, Dutch and British presence in Malacca.

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph16.html>



M17

Syair Perang Siak

By Donald J. Goudie 280pp. Size: 180x260mm. Hardcover 1989 ¥6,000

Contents: *Introduction Text and Translation/ Raja Kecil's Story/ Raja Alam's Story/ Raja Mahmud's Story/ Raja Ismail's Story/ Postscript*

The Syair Perang Siak is a Malay epic poem narrating, in a highly selective Index manner, major events in the power struggle within the royal house of Siak - a Malay kingdom on the central eastern coast of Sumatra - between 1717 and 1771.

It gives central prominence to the eponymous battle that took place when the Dutch mounted a punitive expedition to Siak between April and June 1761 during the short-lived...

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph17.html>



M19

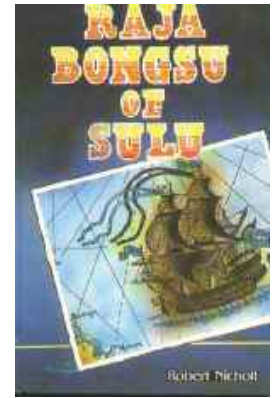
Raja Bongsu of Sulu

By Robert Nicholl 82pp. Size: 140x220mm. Hardcover 1991 ¥4,500

Contents: *The Sulu Scene/ The Moro Wars/ The Young King of Sulu/ The Gathering Storm/ The Tempest/ The Flight for Survival/ Peace by Exhaustion/ Twilight*

A slim and scholarly volume that sets out to render a factual account of the life and career of the eponymous semi-mythological figure, a princeling of Sulu who flourished in the first half of the seventeenth century. Hampered by a patent lack of clear biographical details, Nicholl succeeds in constructing a convincing account of the legendary figure remembered for his courage in repelling the Spaniards out to gain control of the strategic Sulu Archipelago in the seventeenth century. Armed with his formidable knowledge of mediaeval Brunei history, Nicholl also charts the early linkages shared between the royal kingdoms of Brunei and Sulu, two of the most powerful sultanates in Borneo at the dawn of European colonialism in Southeast Asia. What results is an exciting account of the first of the Moro Wars between the indigenous Muslims of South Philippines and the marauding Spaniards, set out against the backdrop of conflict between the Dutch, the Spaniards and the local Muslim kingdoms which began went on throughout the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Conflict has remained a persistent characteristic of this particularly turbulent region and has remained so to this very day, as seen in the ongoing demands for greater autonomy by the indigenous population of South Philippines from the Philippine Government.....

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M21

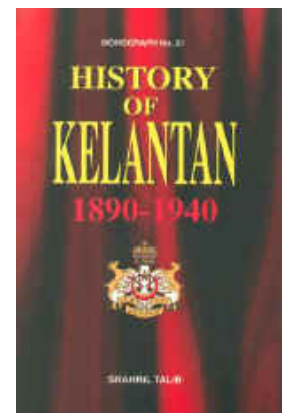
History of Kelantan

By Shahril Talib 243pp. Size: 140x220mm. Softcover 1995 ¥4,500

Contents: *Introduction/ Indigenous Government/ Crisis and Settlement in Government, 1890-1902/ The Beginnings of the Advisory Systems, 1903-1909/ The Consolidation and Extension of British Administration 1909-1939/ The Impact of Colonial Rule on Kelantan Society 1909-1939*

Shaharil Talib's meticulous documentation of the changes affecting Kelantan between 1890 and 1940, along with the transition from Siamese to British protection bears all the distinct marks of a budding historian. The monograph has its origins in a Master of Arts thesis submitted to the University of Malaya in the 1970s but has since been thoroughly revised for purposes of publication while maintaining the same basic structure of the original draft. Readers unfamiliar with the political history of Kelantan in the 19th century need not fear of losing their way in the dense maze of events and individuals - British administrators and Kelantan palace officials feature prominently in the narrative - which are introduced throughout the book. The author, already betraying the unmistakable mark of a popular historian, guides his reader gently by introducing them briefly to the geography, socio-economic situation and political structure of the indigenous government in the first two chapters to allow readers to familiarise themselves with the historical terrain. Henceforth, the author launches directly into crises and events that precipitated British intervention in Kelantan which culminated in the introduction of the first British Adviser, W.A. Graham, in 1903. Readers are treated to a lively account while the author attempts a methodical dissection of internal affairs of the Kelantan state, from the palace intrigues to the desperate appeals from the Sultan for British protection, with the spectre of a Siamese invasion similar to political events that led to the emasculation of the ancient neighbouring Malay kingdom of Pattani, looming ominously over the horizon.....

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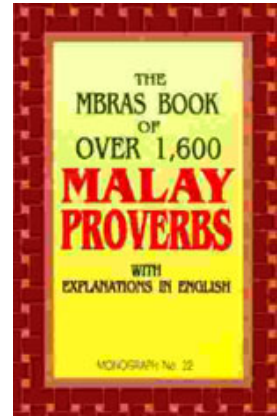
M22

The MBRAS book of 1,600 Malay Proverbs with Explanations in English

Compiled by E.S. Hose 195pp. Size: 140x220mm. Softcover 1992
¥4,500

Until a century ago, Malay was largely a spoken language used by people who lived in rural areas, along river banks, beside rice fields and along the stretch of coast which bordered both sides of the peninsula. The long hours from sunset to daybreak provided villagers both male and female with a vacuum which could only be filled with conversation, and here the Malay proverb or proverbial saying played a vital part. The Malay proverbs which have been assembled in this book contains many reference to the forests, the plants, the birds, animals and fishes - some friendly, many natural enemies, a vivid array of the villager's company. These proverbs were in many cases written down for the first time by pioneer British civil servants, such as Sir Hugh Clifford, Sir William Maxwell and in the Dictionary of R.J. Wilkinson, and to them we owe a deep debt of gratitude: without their industry and foresight, much of the wealth of the Malay language might have been lost.....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph22.html>



M23

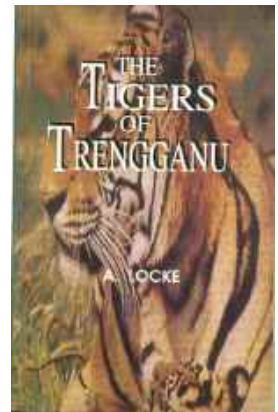
The Tigers of Trengganu

By A. Locke 207pp. Size: 140x220mm. Softcover 1993 ¥4,500

Contents: Background/ Distribution, Size and Habits/ Diet, Kills and Area Covered/ Tiger Hunting/ My First Tiger/ The Kijal Twins/ Man-Eating Tigers/ The Jerangau Man-Eater/ Superstitions and Legends

Tigers are seldom seen in Peninsular Malaysia today, except in zoos. But in 1949, tigers were still numerous in the remote rural hinterlands of the peninsula, and in South Trengganu in particular, they were killing cattle and even children. It was fortunate for the villagers that Arthur Locke of the Malayan Civil Service was posted to Kemaman to help administer the southern half of Trengganu. For two years, from 1949 to 1951, Mr. Locke in his spare time tracked down - in the dark - and shot twenty-two tigers, often seated on a precarious little platform up a jungle tree, only twelve feet above the ground. Locke later wrote an account of his experiences that was first published in 1954 by the Museum Press in London and subsequently reissued a few times before finally going out of print. It was richly illustrated with numerous photographs of the tigers which he had shot, and quickly became a 'bestseller'. This book also includes a chapter which Locke named 'Superstitions and Legends', containing rare information on Malay tiger-lore not found elsewhere.....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph23.html>

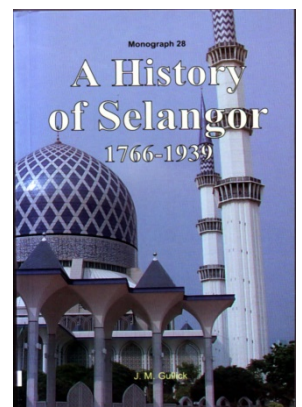


M28

A History of Selangor 1766-1939

By J.M. Gullick 291pp. Size: 140x220mm. Softcover 2004 ¥4,500

Contents: A Dynasty is established/ Selangor under Sultan Ibrahim (1782-1826) / Tin Mines and Power Struggles/ Civil War and British Intervention/ Selangor after the War/ A Modern Structure/ The Development of Agriculture/ State Capital/ A troubled Dynasty/ Into the Twentieth Century/ An Epilogue - Selangor 1918-1939



John Gullick in yet another important new work *A History of Selangor (1766-1939)* builds on his previous research and writing on the west coast Peninsula's Malay states of Kedah, Perak, Selangor and Negri Sembilan but now focuses solely on the modern history of the kingdom of Selangor. From the establishment of the Bugis-led dynasty founded by Raja Lumu when he was installed as sultan in 1766 through the dramatic colonial impact of the 19th century, and up to the eve of the Pacific War in the 20th century, Selangor acquired unparalleled importance as the economic powerhouse of British Malaya, a position which rapidly led to the state becoming the centre of European control not only throughout the Federated Malay States but indeed throughout Malaya itself.

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph28.html>

M30

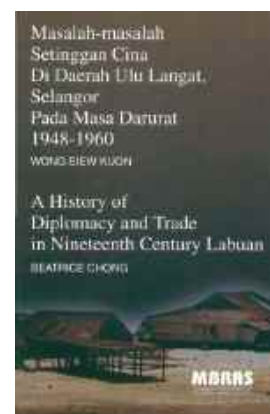
The Prize Winning Sheppard Memorial Prize Historical Essays 1998

109pp. Size:140x220mm. Softcover 1999 ¥4,500

Contents: *Masalah-masalah Setinggalan Cina di Daerah Ulu Langat, Selangor, Pada Masa Darurat 1948-1960* by Wong Siew Kuon/ *A History of Diplomacy and Trade in Nineteenth Century Labuan* by Beatrice Chong

This monograph presents the essays of the joint winners of the first Sheppard Memorial Prize for 1998/1999. The award is based on the best final-year undergraduate History Honours Thesis or Long Essay submitted at any university in Malaysia, Brunei and Singapore. The prize was established to commemorate the life and work of the late Tan Sri Mubin Sheppard, and more particularly his contributions through his work for the MBRAS, as well as to scholarship in Malaysia, Brunei and Singapore.....

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph30.html>

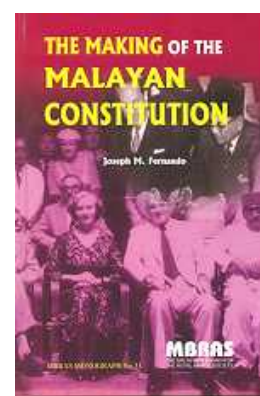


M31

The Making of the Malayan Constitution

By Joseph M. Fernando 250pp. Size:140x220mm. Hardcover 2002 ¥4,500

Contents: *The Origins of the Alliance (1948-1952)* / *The Transformation of the Alliance (1952-1955)* / *The Alliance Memorandum and the Inter-communal Bargain (1955-1956)* / *The Reid Commission: A Question of Balance (1956-1957)* / *The Tripartite Negotiations (22 February-22 May 1957)* / *The Alliance, Nationalism and National Identity: Some Theoretical Perspectives* / *The Conscience of a National*



This book is a revised version of the author's doctoral thesis submitted to the University of London in 1995, under the supervision of an eminent authority on the history of post-war Malaya Professor A.J. Stockwell. In *The Making of the Malayan Constitution*, Joseph M. Fernando describes the events in the 1950s which led to the creation of the Alliance Party, and moves towards Merdeka. He relates the somewhat ad-hoc way in which the Reid Commission was formed, and gives full details of their deliberations, together with the negotiations between the different parties in the Alliance. The outcome of these largely forgotten but pivotal episodes was the Malayan Constitution as adopted on the eve of Merdeka in 1957.....

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph31.html>

M32

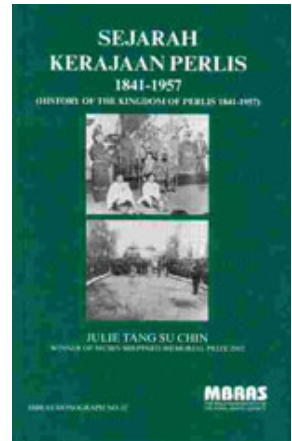
Sejarah Kerajaan Perlis 1841-1957

By Julie Tang Su Chin 370pp. Size:140x220mm. Hardcover ¥4,500

Contents: Penghargaan/ Kependekan dan Catalan/ Gambar/ Pengenalan/ Penubuhan Kerajaan, 1778-1841/ Pergelutan Memelihara Kerajaan, 1897-1930/ Perjanjian Perils-British 1930: Pengukuhan Kerajaan/ Isu Perlantikan Raja/ Pembentukan Kerajaan Berperlembagaan, 1945-1957/ Kesimpulan

This book presents the interesting history of the origins of the state and Kingdom of Perlis and narrates how its rulers succeeded in creating the state's own political identity and in breaking away from the control of Kedah during the period 1841 to 1957. With wisdom and diplomacy, the rulers of Perlis manipulated Siam, the British and Kedah one after the other and succeeded in safeguarding and strengthening the state's autonomy.....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph32.html>



M36

Kongsi Gelap Melayu Di Negeri-Negeri Utara Pantai Barat Semenanjung Tanah Melayu 1821-1940-an

By Mahani Musa 200pp. Size: 140x215mm. Softcover 2003 ¥4,500

Contents: Kependeka/ Pengenalan/ Perang Kedah-Siam dan Pembentukan Masyarakat Pelarian di Pulau Penang dan Province Wellesley/ Perubahan Sosial di Pulau Pinang dan Kemunculan Kongsi Gelap Bendera Putih dan Bendera Merah, 1830-an Hingga 1860-an/ Rusuhan Pulau Penang 1867/ Bendera Putih dan Bendera Merah Sehingga 1940-an/ Kongsi Gelap Melayu di Perak, Kedah dan Perlis/ Kesimpulan

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph36a.html>

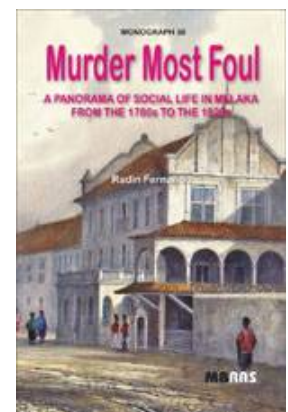


M38

Murder Most Foul: A Panorama of Social Life in Melaka from the 1780s to the 1820s

By Radin Fernando 132pp. Size: 146x222mm. Hardcover 2006 ¥4,500

Contents: Story 1: Murder Most Foul/ Story 2: A Misadventure/ Story 3: Allure of Silver/ Story 4: Angry Young Slaves/ Story 5: Deranged Slave/ Story 6: Mistaken Identity/ Story 7: Price of a Meal/ Story 8: The Irregular Detectives of Sungai Baru/ Story 9: A Witness for the Defence/ Story 10: A Fatal Love Affair



Radin Fernando's thoroughly engrossing account of criminal trials in Dutch-controlled Melaka presents a rich tapestry of social history in minute detail as never before, using the court records from the 1780s through to the 1820s which have been miraculously preserved at the British Library in London. Through the eyes of Dutch judges who, with their usual flair for meticulous detail, recorded all crimes committed in the flourishing port-city, Fernando weaves a compelling narrative in which ordinary people were caught in the most serious of all crime, murder, as both perpetrators and victims. The subjects of these reports speak for themselves, revealing their anxiety, anguish, humour and mischief: emotions common in human life but rarely encountered in solemn historical works. Together these accounts have succeeded in projecting a vivid and colourful picture of the life of ordinary folk in Melaka at a time when Europe was experiencing the Industrial Revolution, the Enlightenment and was making vast strides in colonial enterprise throughout the globe. →<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph38.html>

M39

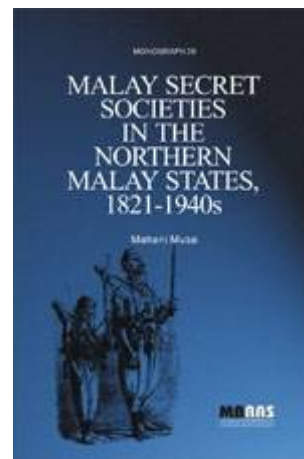
Malay Secret Societies in the Northern Malay States, 1821-1940s

By Mahani Musa 185pp. Size: 146x222mm. Hardcover 2007 ¥4,500

Contents: Introduction/ a. The Kedah-Siam War and the Creation of a Migrant Community in Penang and Province Wellesley/ b. The Distribution of the Inhabitants of Penang and Province Wellesley after 1821/ c. The Kedah Malays' Anti-Siamese Uprising and Support from the Local Community/ d. The Emergence of a Domiciled Community after the Reinstatement of the Kedah Sultanate/ e. Jumaah Activities and its influence on the Malay

This study describes the origins, function and roles of secret societies in Malay society. The Malay secret societies emerged in the northern Malay states of the west coast of the peninsula between 1821 and the 1940s. These societies were the main avenue to solve various problems which resulted from socio-economic development and competition among the Malays. They reflected an early Malay mode of organization at a time when political parties and associations had yet to be formed. Some of these societies started as religious and welfare organizations. Later they lapsed into criminal activities due to the failure of the existing leadership to control these tendencies. Just like the Chinese secret societies, members of the Malay secret societies were bound by an oath of secrecy which made detection by the police rather difficult.

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph39.html>



M40

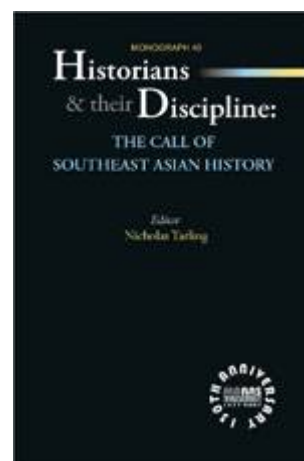
Historians & Their Disciplines: The Call of Southeast Asian History

Edited by Nicholas Tarling 202pp. Size: 146x222mm. Hardcover. 2007 ¥4,500

Contents: A British View of Thailand and Southeast Asia by **Nigel Brailey**/ Forty-one years in the fields: A Backward glance by **David P. Chandler**/ How I got into Malaysian History by **Cheah Boon Kheng**/ An Amateur Historian by **John Gullick**/ Chance and Circumstances: A Gradual Journey towards Asian studies by **John D. Legge**/ Becoming and Indonesianist – but an unbecoming historian by **Jamie Mackie**/ Imagining Southeast Asia by **Ruth T. McVey**/ A Life with Vietnam by **David Marr**/ The call of Southeast Asian History by **Ian Nish**/ Serendipity, or discovering Lao History by **Martin Stuart-Fox**/ Down Chancery Lane by **Nicholas Tarling**/ Reflections of a Pioneer by **Ken Tregonning**/ The Pull of Southeast Asia by **Wang Gungwu**/ My Involvement in Thai historical studies by **Yoneo Iishi**/ 'Political in Command': Studying Chinese leadership in British Malaya by **Yong Ching Fatt**

Intended both for students and scholars, this unique compilation of personal essays is probably the first of its kind by a group of eminent historians, researchers, writers and teachers specializing in Southeast Asia. The group, as a collective unit, has not found any biographers before and not a few are too modest to write about themselves. They consist of a number of 'veterans' - indeed, almost all are household names for anybody familiar with Southeast Asian history - who have been invited by Professor Nicholas Tarling to comment on the way each became immersed in Southeast Asian history, the development of this field of study over the past decades and the future that awaits it. As a result these intimate and highly readable accounts, mainly semi-autobiographical in nature, are not merely illuminating but also reveal many 'trade secrets', the various reasons behind their choice of a particular area of specialization, and how they went on to pursue their research interests, academic careers and writing on their chosen subjects....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph40.html>



M41

New Perspectives and Research on Malaysian History

By Cheah Boon Kheng 270pp. Size: 146x222mm. Hardcover. 2007
¥4,500



Contents: *Scribes and Historians, State Museums and State histories* by Abu Talib Ahmad/ *Re-reasing Adat Laws and Legal Texts as Sources of Malay Social Stability* by Abu Talib Ahmad/ *Syair as a Historical Source: The Syair Tantangan Singapura, a 19th century text* by Badriyah Haji Salleh/ *New Theories and Challenges in Malaysian History* by Cheah Boon Kheng/ *Writing marginalised groups into Malaysian history* by Haryati Hassan and Hamidin Abd. Hamid/ *The Gerschenkron Advantage: New directions for forging ahead in Malaysian economic history* by Loh Wei Leng/ *Highlighting Malay women in Malaysian historiography* by Mahani Musa/ *Writing on Orang Asli into Malaysian History* by Nik Haslinda Nik Hussain/ *Many Malays: Placing Malaysia in a Historical Context* by Paul H. Kratoska/ *Writing the History of the Chinese in Malaysia: New directions and bridging the Gaps between two linguistic spheres* by Danny Wong Tze Ken

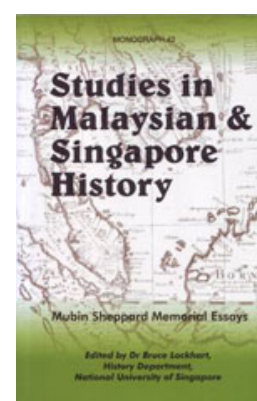
Historiography is both the study of the writing of history, and the history of historical writings. This book deals with the current research interests, methods, thinking and trends in Malaysian historical writing. The individual essays focus not only on new historical sources and methodologies, but also on debates between different schools of Malaysian historians on conceptual issues and on ways to reconstruct the Malaysian past. For a long time the primary object of Malaysian historical studies has been the nation-state, but some of the historians in this volume now argue that local history, social history, economic history, and the role of women, minorities and even marginalized groups like trishaw peddlers are equally important concerns within Malaysia's socially diverse and multi-ethnic fabric. The essays also discuss challenges Malaysian historians face from new movements like post-modernism in representing historical truth and objectivity. This book should be of interest not only to students of Malaysian history, but also to the general reader.

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph41.html>

M42

Studies in Malaysian & Singapore History Mubin Sheppard Memorial Essays

Edited by Dr Bruce Lockhart and Lim Tse Siang 208pp. Size: 139x216mm.
Softcover 2010 ¥4,500



Contents: *Relocated and Redefined: The History of Evicted Datuk Gongs in Singapore* by Chiew Jing Wen/ *Enabling the Singapore Story: Writing a History of Disability* by Victor Zhuang Kuan Song/ *The Proclamation of Independence Memorial in Malacca: History, Memory and Silences* by Eisen Teo/ *Under the Skin: Anxieties of the Domestic Realm in the Maria Hertogh Controversy* by Christina Wu/ *The Imperial Locomotive: A Study of the Railway System in British Malaya 1885-1942* by Lim Tse Siang

Almost every year history undergraduates at the honours level at the National University of Singapore (NUS) have been given the option to undertake research and write a thesis on their choice of topic in their fourth year before graduation. This is part of their professional training as historians. The Society is happy to publish this volume containing the best history graduation essays for the 2008/2009 academic year. The essays, selected and edited for publication under the Society's Mubin Sheppard Memorial Fund, demonstrate each student's competence and ability to apply research methods, adopt critical perspectives and approaches and present an original interpretation and analysis of issues and problems in Malaysian and Singapore history. → <http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph42.html>

M46

Di Antara Dasar dan Kesan: Hubungan Ekonomi, Penduduk dan Penyakit Di Tanah Melayu Di Bawah Pentadbiran British

By Badriyah Haji Salleh, Emily Binti Kaudon, Chew Lam Teik and Hanita Hanim Binti Darus 270pp. Size: 140x220mm. Softcover. 2013
¥4,500

Contents: I. *Di Antara Dasar dan Kesan: Hubungan Ekonomi, Penduduk dan Penyakit di Tanah Melayu Di Bawah Pentadbiran British* Badriyah Haji Salleh/ II. *Penyakit Berjangkit di Negeri-Negeri Selat 1900-1940* Emily Binti Kaudon/ III. *Sejarah Perkhidmatan Perubatan dan Kesihatan di Perak Dari Tahun 1880 Hingga 1939* Chew Lam Teik/ IV. *Perlombongan Bijih Timah di Sungai Lembing 1888-1966* Hanita Hanim Binti Darus

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/monograph46.html>



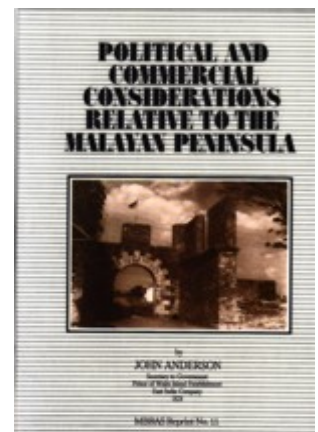
Reprints

R11

Political and Commercial Considerations Relative to the Malayan Peninsula

By John Anderson Introduction by J.S. Bastin 305pp. 172x250mm.
Hardcover 1989 ¥6,000

Contents: *Translation of a Letter from the Ministers of the King of Ava to the Rajah of Quedah at Prince of Wales Island/ Translation of a Letter from the Rajah of Tavei or Tavoy to the Rajah of Quedah at Pulo Pinang/ Memorandum of a Conference between the Honorable the Governor and the Messengers from the Raja of Ligore, on Saturday the 3rd of April 1824/ Quedah Treaty/ Perak Treaty/ Selangor Treaty/ Johore Treaty/ Aboriginal Inhabitants of the Malayan Peninsula, and particularly of the Negroes called Semang/ Description of the Island of Junk Ceylon/ Extract of a Letter addressed by the late Mr James Scott to the Governor General, relative to Junk Ceylon/ The probable advantages of the English Company possessing Junk Seylon, by James Scott, Esq. / Extract from Captain Kyd's memoir on Pinang. / Extract of a Letter from Colonel Kyd.*



Anderson's *Political and Commercial Considerations* has been described by Professor John Bastin as the rarest of all books printed in Malaysia in the nineteenth century. Only a hundred copies were printed and about a third of these were distributed throughout the East India Company establishments in London and Calcutta, where they incomprehensibly disappeared, as did most of the copies that were left in the Penang secretariat. In his introduction to this reprint of Anderson's most significant work, Bastin renders a fascinating account of the whole history of the book subsequent to its publication, the inexplicable fate of most of its printed copies and lists the few known copies of this exceedingly rare volume which have been known to survive....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint11.html>

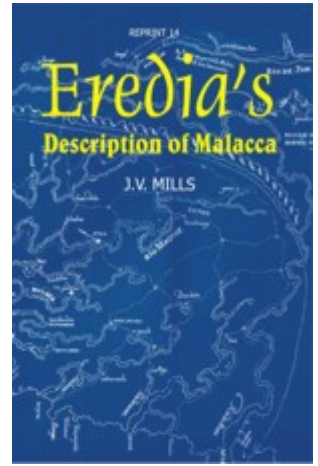
R14

Eredia's Description of Malacca

By J.V. Mills New introduction by Cheah Boon Kheng 347pp.
Size:160x240mm. Hardcover 1997 ¥6,000

Contents: *Selected Maps and Illustrations taken from the 1882 Facsimile edition by Leon Janssen/ Reproduction of title page of Janssen's translation (1882) / Declaracam De: Malacca: E. India: / Affonso De Albuquerque/ Malacca under Permicuri/ Plans of the Citadel of Malacca/ Plan of the Fortification of the Citadel of Malacca/ Hills and Rivers of Malacca/ Outskirts of Malacca Town/ Ptolemy's Map of Asia and S E Asia/ District of Malacca/ An Ancient Map showing the Isthmus of Tanjong Tuan and Tanjong Batuala/ Eredia's Map showing Tanjong Tuan (near Malacca) close to Tanjong Batuala (on Sumatra) / Sketch of an open pod of durian/ Sketch of a mangosteen/ A Map of the Malay Peninsula and Sumatra*

A Map of Sumatra during Eredia's Period/ A man wearing a sarong and kris/ A Malay lanchar and A Chinese junk/ The Near East/ The Far East/ The Promontory of Ujong Tanah (Johor) / A Waterspout at Nicobar/ Dona Elena Vesiva's baptism certificate/ Missionary Fancis Xavier/ Map of Macassar/ Manuel Godinho de Eredia Eredia's map of the world/ The Portuguese fortress of Muar, 1604/ Viceroy Dom Francisco de Gama/ Map of Cathay which also shows Malacca/ Map of Cathay/ May of Indostan/ Map of India/ Plates



This work by Manuel Godinho de Eredia, a cartographer of mixed Bugis and Portuguese descent, retains its importance as one of the best early accounts of the Malay Peninsula as well as its significance in the proto-history of Australian discovery. Eredia wrote his *Description of Malaca* in 1613, about a century after the great Malay kingdom had been taken by the Portuguese. Besides maps depicting Melaka and the surrounding region "controlled" and "claimed" by the Portuguese around the city, Eredia's book contains fascinating information on the genealogy of the kings of Melaka up to 1511, the burial place of its founder Parameswara, and on the traditional overland trails, namely the *penarican* (Malay *penarikan*) - a short route that separates the Muar River and the nearest navigable tributary of the Pahang River that was once used by the local Malay population in traversing parts of the Peninsula.....

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint14.html>

R15

Notes and Queries

By W.E. Maxwell 146pp. Size:150x220mm Hardcover 1997 ¥4,500

Contents: *Botany/ History/ Language/ Natural History/ Malay Folklore/ Social Customs/ Medicine/ Games and Amusements/ Miscellaneous...*

Members of the Straits Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society (the precursor to the MBRAS) received a supplementary booklet alongside their copies of Vols. 14-17 of its Journal (JSBRAS) between 1885 and 1887. The entire contents of these separate publications have now been compiled in a single volume under their original title. This reprint now comes with a special introduction penned by the

indefatigable J.M. Gullick (1916-2012) in which he outlined the original purposes of the publication and identified the various contributors whose only form of attribution hitherto was a set of initials which appeared at the end of every entry in the booklets....

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint15.html>



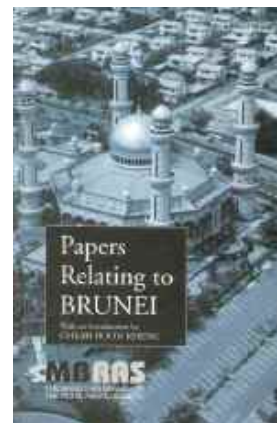
R18

Papers Relating to Brunei Papers Relating to Brunei

With introduction by Cheah Boon Kheng 192pp. Size:150x220mm.

Hardcover 1998 ¥4,500

Contents: *Selesilah (Book of the Descent of the Rajas of Brunei by Hugh Low / The Genealogy of the Royal Family of Brunei by W.H. Treacher / A Brunei Code by R.O. Winstedt. / A Sketch of the History of Brunei by H.R. Hughes-Hallett/ Silsilah Raja-Raja Brunei by P.L. Amin Sweeney/ Observations on the Brunei Political System, 1883-1885 by Dr. Peter Leys, edited by R.M. Pringle/ The Ending of Brunei Rule in Sabah 1878-1902 by I.D. Black/ 'Batu Tarsilah' Genealogical Tablet of the Sultan of Brunei by P.M. Shariffuddin and Abd. Latif Hj. Ibrahim/ Batu Tarsilah, A Short Comment by Amin Sweeney/ Tomb of "The King of Brunei" in Nanking by Tun Mohamed Suffian Hashim/ Visit of the 'King of Brunei' to the Emperor Yung Lo of China:Contemporary and Ancient Accounts from Peoples Daily, Beijing/*



The Society's Reprint 18, 'Papers Relating to Brunei' reproduces a series of papers on the subject, the earliest being Hugh Low's 'Selesilah'(Book of Genealogical Descent of the Rajas of Brunei) and W.H. Treacher's Genealogy of the Royal Family of Brunei published in the JSBRAS in 1880 and 1885 respectively. These particular numbers of the Journal are now all but unobtainable, yet the papers in them contain extremely valuable historical information not available elsewhere.....

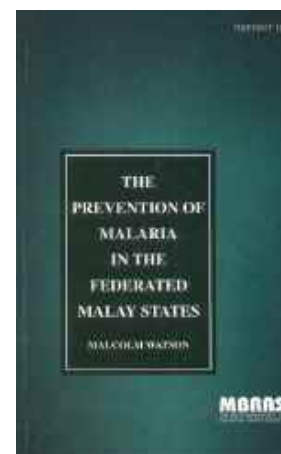
→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint18.html>

R19

The Prevention of Malaria in the Federated Malay States

By Malcolm Watson 400pp. Size:150x220mm. Hardcover 2000 ¥4,500

Contents: *Town of Klang from 1900 to 1909/ Port Swettenham from 1900 to 1909/ Results of Drainage of Klang Town and Port Swetteham, 1901 to 1909/ The Story of a Coast Road/ Kapar Drainage Scheme/ A Malaria Survey/ The Malaria of the Coastal Plain and Anopheles Umbrosus/ The Malaria of Mangrove Swamps and Anopheles Ludlowi/ The Coastal Hills/ The Effects of Malaria/ On Quinie/ Seafield Estate and Subsoil Drainage/ Seafield Estate (continued) / Seafield Estate (continued) / On the Border of the Hill Land/ Oiling/ Some other Examples of Hill Campaigns/ On the Possibility of Altering the Composition of Water and the Anophelines breeding in it/ The Island Hill/ The Malaria of Rivers/ Screening/ On Drainage/ On Mosquitoes/ The Malaria of Kuala Lumpur/ Anti-Malarial Work in Singapore/*



Sir Malcolm Watson's authoritative work on mosquito control is a unique testament to 20 years of indefatigable labour during which he toiled, along with the colonial authorities in the Federated Malay States (FMS) to prevent the spread of malaria and improve public sanitation. Watson has an unmistakable eye for detail, and in this book he sets down the attempts that were made towards malaria prevention, his failures, successes, as well as the observations he made of sanitary conditions at selected locations throughout the FMS while he was engaged in this formidable endeavour. The book, originally published by John Murray of London in 1921 has been made available again after being out of print for many years. The straightforward title of the book may trick most readers into believing that it was the sort of book that was published with only specialists on medical, health and public sanitation in mind. Nothing could be further than the truth, however. Watson's account is highly readable and technical jargon is kept to a minimum. Of remarkable interest are Watson's incisive observations of the living conditions in the FMS at the time which he himself personally experienced, making it an extraordinary work of more than passing interest to the social or economic historian of British Malaya. The book is liberally sprinkled throughout with well over a hundred illustrations, and allows the reader a glimpse of the now greatly altered urban and rural landscape of the Klang Valley....→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint19.html>

R21

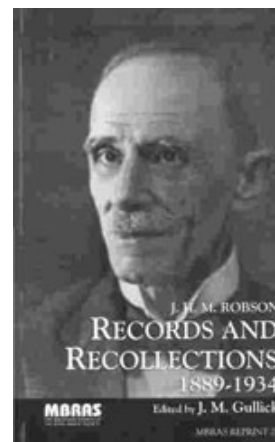
Records and Recollections 1884-1934

By J.H.M Robson with introductory material and edited by J.M. Gullick 300pp. Size:150x220mm. Hardcover 2001 ¥6,000

Contents: *It Seems So Long Ago/ Personalities of the Past/ Events and Happenings/ Federal Council/ Pahang Disturbances/ Newspaper Enterprise Kuala Lumpur Riots/ Malayan Bibliography*

In 1934 J.H.M. Robson published in Kuala Lumpur his *Records and Recollections*, which gives much information on the personalities and issues of the era. The book has long been a collectors' item, and this reissue is accompanied by an introduction and various notes by John Gullick. To this has been added certain additional material which is attributable to Robson, culled from newspapers and other sources of the period....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint21.html>

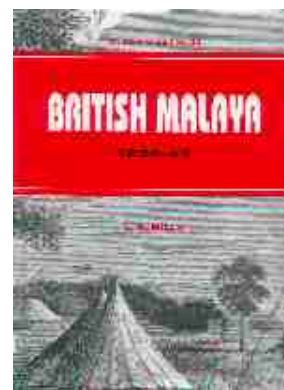


R22

British Malaya, 1824-67

By L.A. Mills 432pp. Size: 157x235mm. Hardcover 2003 ¥4,500

Contents: *European influence in the Malay Peninsulat, 1511-1786 [by D.K. Bassett] /Penang, 1786-1830/ Singapore, 1819-26/ The Anglo-Dutch Treaty of 1824/ The Civil Service in the Straits Settlements, 1786-1867/ The Malacca Land Problems/ The Naning War/ Anglo-Siamese Relations, 1824-67/ The Malayan Policy of the East India Company, 1786-1867/ Trade and Agriculture in British Malaya/ The Chinese in British Malaya/ Piracy and the Straits Settlements/ Rajah Brooke of Sarawak and the Suppression of the Piracy in Brunei/ The Transfer*



L.A. Mills' incomparable classic *British Malaya 1824-1867* was first published in 1925, an original and extraordinarily perceptive work by a relatively young scholar on what was then one of the British Empire's most profitable colonial possessions. It was reissued in the JMBRAS in 1960 and since then it has been unavailable for many years until this reprint was once again brought forth. One of the first serious historical works on colonial Malaya, it is a landmark study of the development of British influence through the Straits Settlements of Singapore, Malacca and Penang on the Malay Peninsula, in the middle years of the nineteenth century. The study concludes in 1867, the year in which the administration of the Straits Settlements was transferred from the India Office to the Colonial Office.

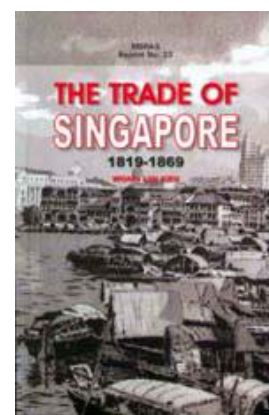
→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint22.html>

R23

The Trade of Singapore 1819-1869

By Wong Lin Ken 317pp. Size: 165x255mm. Hardcover 2003 ¥4,500

Contents: *Singapore and British Trade in the East: 1819-1924/ Trade with Dutch Possessions in the Malay Archipelago: Java/ Trade with Sumatra, Bali and Lombok, and the Extension of Dutch Influence/ Singapore and the Malaysian Traders/ The Rise of Free Ports in the Malay Archipelago/ The Trade of Singapore with China/ Trade with Siam and Indo-China/ The Entrepot Trade of Singapore:1819-69/ Struggle of a Free Port: 1819-69/ The Rise of Singapore: 1819-69*



This classic work by the late Professor Wong Lin Ken (1931-1983) has been acclaimed highly for its meticulous research and penchant for detail and is widely recognized as making a valuable contribution to Southeast Asian economic history. It was written when the author was only 24 years old and submitted as part of his Master's thesis at the University of Malaya, then in Singapore. This study was first published as an MBRAS monograph in 1961, and has since been out of print. At a gathering of historians of Southeast Asia in Singapore in October 2002, a warm tribute was paid to Wong Lin Ken's scholarship and several requests were made to the MBRAS for a reprint of his classic study. The current reprint of his monograph was meant as a tribute to this elusive yet brilliant scholar. The current reprint comes with a short preface by Professor Wang Gungwu about the author, whom he first knew when they were both undergraduates and graduate students at the University of Malaya in Singapore in the 1950s.

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint23.html>

R24

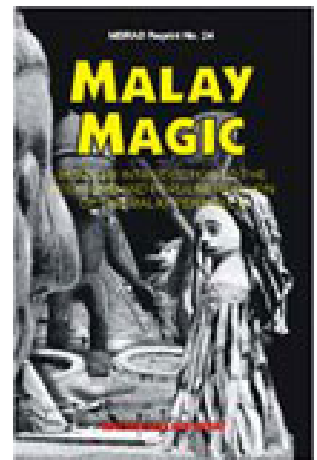
Malay Magic: Being an Introduction to the Folklore and Popular Religion of the Malay Peninsula

By Walter William Skeat 764pp. Size: 146x222mm. Hardcover 2005
¥7,000

Contents: *Nature/ Man and his Place in the Universe/ Relations with the Supernatural World/ The Malay Pantheon/ Magic Rites Connected with the Several Department of Nature/ Magic Rites as Affecting the Life of Man*

A century and more has passed since Walter Skeat (1866-1953) wrote his monumental *Malay Magic* as an ethnographic record of rural Malay life in Selangor, as he had observed it in the 1890s. During that interval social anthropology, which was in its infancy when Skeat was at work, has passed through major developments or theoretical analysis of field data. But Skeat's book has stood the test of time and has indeed become a classic which has already been reprinted more than once....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint24.html>

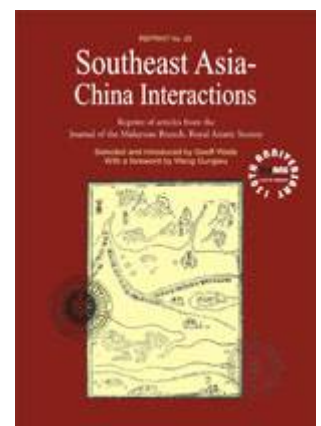


R25

Southeast Asia - China Interactions: Reprint of articles from the Journal of the Malaysian Branch, Royal Asiatic Society

Selected and introduced by Geoff Wade With a foreword by Wang Gungwu 620pp. Size: 184x260mm. Hardcover 2007 ¥9,500

Contents: *Possible References to the Malay Peninsula in the Annals of the Former Han by Paul Wheatley/ Ch'ih-t'u by Paul Wheatley/ The Malay Peninsula as Known to the Chinese of the Third Century A.D. by Paul Wheatley. / Notes on Tan-Tan by Hsu Yun-ts'iao / The Nanhai Trade: A Study of the Early History of Chinese Trade in the South China Sea by Wang Gungwu. / The Journey of Fa-Hsien from Ceylon to Canton by A. Grimes /Geographical Notes on Some Commodities Involved in Sung Maritime Trade by Paul Wheatley/ Temasik as an International and Regional Trading Port in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries: A Reconstruction Based on Recent Archaeological Data by Derek Heng Thiam Soon/ Notes Relating to Admiral Cheng Ho's Expeditions by Hsu Yun-ts'iao. / The First Three Rulers of Malacca by Wang Gungwu/ Melaka in Ming Dynasty Texts by Geoff Wade/ Malaya in the Wu-pei-chih Charts by J.V. Mills/ Arab and Chinese Navigators in Malaysian Waters in about A.D. 1500 by J.V. Mills / The Ceramic Trade across the South China Sea c. A.D. 1350-1650 by Barbara Harrison/ The Turiang: A Fourteenth-century Chinese Shipwreck Upsetting Southeast Asian Ceramic History by Sten Sjostrand and Claire Barnes/ Chinese Settlement in*



Malacca by Victor Purcell. / Eighteenth and Nineteenth-century Chinese Accounts of the Malay Peninsula by J.W. Cushman and A.C. Milner/ Changes in the Trading Ties between China and Malaya, Prewar to Postwar by Nie Dening

The relations between the societies and states of Southeast Asia and China have been of enormous significance to both these regions, extending back for literally thousands of years. This useful single-volume edition of key studies on Southeast Asia-China interactions, which were first published in the *Journal of the Malaysian Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society*(and its precursors), includes classics such as Wang Gungwu's *The Nanhai Trade*, and Paul Wheatley's *Geographical Notes On Some Commodities Involved in Sung Maritime Trade*. In this compendium, eighteen studies examine political, social and economic interactions, as well as the flows of people and technologies which have tied these regions together over that period. The work provides a comprehensive summation of the Southeast Asia-China historical relationship, while locating the various individual works in their broader context. With the studies organised chronologically by the period they address, readers can scan the Southeast Asia-China relationship over an enormous sweep of history...

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint25.html>

R26

Selections from the Selangor Journal

Edited and Introduced by John Gullick 660pp. Size: 140x216mm.

Softcover 2007 ¥4,500

Contents: *Kuala Lumpur/ The Countryside/ Infrastructure / Coffee / Commerce and Industry/ Public Services - Administration/ People/ Problems - Fires*

In editing the *Selangor Journal*, government printer John Russell (1855-1930) obtained contributions from many sources, and published it in fortnightly instalments over five years between 1892 and 1897. It served as a local newsletter until replaced in 1896 by the *Malay Mail* daily newspaper. The Journal was both a chronicle of the times and a means of publishing reports of events and people, past and present, that endures as material of much historical value. The purpose of this reprint of selected passages is to offer to the modern reader convenient access to a publication copies of which are extremely scarce, and to provide a means of tracing material on specific topics that is scattered throughout the original 2000-odd pages of the Journal....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint26.html>



R27

Boats, Boatbuilding and Fishing in Malaysia

Edited by Dato' H.S. Barlow 411pp. Size: 184x260mm. Hardcover

2009 ¥6,000

Contents: *Abbot, W.L. (1907) Bark Canoes among the Jakuns and Dyaks / Dalton, H. Goring (1926) Some Malay Boats and Their Uses/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1941) A Note on the Christmas Island Canoe (Kolek) / Ishak bin Ahmad (1941) Malay Fishermen's Superstitions/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1949) Cargo Boats of the East Coast of Malaya/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1950a) The Indonesian Trading Boats reaching Singapore/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1950b) The Racing Jong/ Gopinath, K. (1950) The Malayan Purse Seine (Pukat Jerut) Fishery/ Gibson-Hill, Dr. C.A. (1950c) The Fishing Boats Operated from Singapore Island/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1951) A Note on the Small Boats of the Rhio and Lingga Archipelago/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1952a) Tongkang*



and Lighter Matters/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1952b) Further Notes on the Old Boat Found at Pontian in Southern Pahang/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1952c) The Orang Laut of Singapore River and the Sampan Panjang/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1952d) A Possible Origin of the Jong Stories/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1953) The Origin of the Trengganu Perahu Pinas/ Fitch, F.H. (1953) Dusun boats on the Segana River North Borneo/ Burdon, T.W. (1954) The Fishing Methods of Singapore/ Parry, M.L. (1954) The Fishing Methods of Trengganu and Kelantan/ Gibson-Hill, C.A. (1954) The Boats of Local Origin Employed in the Malayan Fishing Industry/ Alfred, E.R. (1986) The Pulau Brani Jong/ Alfred, E.R. (1987) Boats of Singapore/ Longuet, Rohani Update on Boats and Boat Building in Estuary of the Trengganu River, 1972-2005

Shortly before his death in 1994, the late Tan Sri Mubin Sheppard had been working on a compendium of articles on Malayan native vessels and fishing. For reasons undisclosed by the editor but which may well be inferred, there had been a not inconsiderable delay in producing this volume since the death of its original editor. The long-anticipated collection finally appeared as a handsome hardbound volume of about 400 pages in 2009, an initiative borne out of the diligent efforts of the MBRAS' Hon. Treasurer Dato' Henry Sackville Barlow. Never before has so much been gathered and written about Malayan boats, boat building and the old, forgotten methods of fishing, many of which are no longer extant today. Had it not been for the foresight of scholars such as the inimitable Dr. C.A. Gibson-Hill (1911-1963) who has written extensively on this obscure but nonetheless significant aspect of Malayan culture, much of these priceless information would have vanished altogether. Dr. Gibson-Hill's articles alone are probably worth the price of the entire volume itself, every one of them a sparkling gem written in his characteristically relaxed style that is both charming and picturesque....

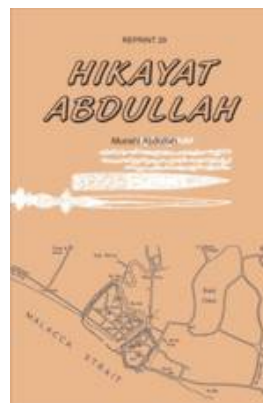
→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint27.html>

R29 Hikayat Abdullah

An Annotated Translation by A.H. Hill 364pp. Size: 145x220mm.
Hardcover 2009 ¥6,000

For all its shortcomings - the blunders of fact, the confused chronology and the frequent moral perorations - Munshi Abdullah bin Abdul Kadir's autobiography, the *Hikayat Abdullah*, is a document of much interest to historians of South-East Asia. Munshi Abdullah was an intelligent and articulate man, who had the good fortune to witness at first hand the activities of Stamford Raffles, William Farquhar and other leading personalities of his time, both English and Malay. He records in some detail his bird's-eye view of the changes taking place in Malacca and Singapore in the early nineteenth century. Although in the last fifty years his work has been criticized for its too ready acceptance of all things English, more recent scholarly analyses of his writings have revealed that he was a master of the art of subtle criticism, directed in his case toward

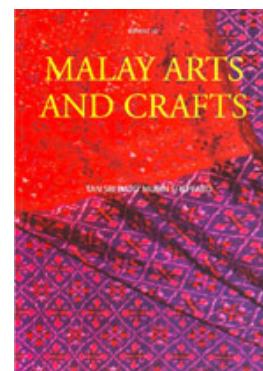
→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint29.html>



R30 Malay Arts and Crafts

Tan Sri Dato' Mubin Sheppard 264pp 180x254mm Softcover 2011
¥8,000

Contents: *Regalia/ Palaces and Wood Carving/ Musical Instruments/ Ma'yong — the Malay Dance Drama/ The Malay Shadow Play/ Dancing/ Weddings/ Dress/ Weapons/ Silat — the Malay Art of Self-Defence/ Metal Work, Pane/an Weaving and Pottery/ Sireh — the Ceremonial Leaf/ Kites and Kite Flying/ Spinning Tops and Top Spinning/ Decorative Art and the Spirit World*



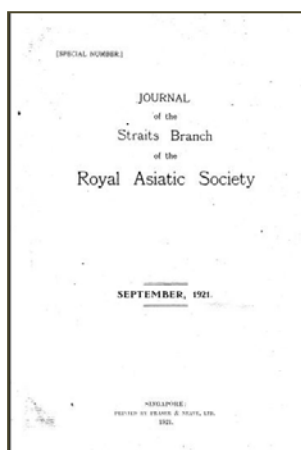
This volume had been originally published by the Oxford University Press in 1972 under the title "Taman Indera: Malay Decorative Arts and Pastimes" and such was its popularity that it was reprinted in 1986. Since its first publication, it had quickly established itself a classic work on Malay traditional crafts and art forms, remarkable for its extraordinary breadth and familiarity with the subject matter that could have come only from a dedicated observer of Malay leisure and pastime as the author was. It would be no exaggeration to advance the claim that the work was a pioneering one in its field, and rendered all the more valuable by the author's sustained interaction with surviving practitioners of these art forms, many of whom had already expired or retired from the field by the time the book first came out...

→ <http://www.mbras.org.my/reprint30.html>

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

O3

A Bibliographic Enumeration of Bornean Plants ¥7,000



A BIBLIOGRAPHIC ENUMERATION OF BORNEAN PLANTS

By E. D. MERRILL.

Botanist, Bureau of Science, and Professor of Botany,
University of the Philippines, Manila, P.I.

Borneo is situated on a submarine plateau of no great depth, and manifestly is geologically allied to the Malay Peninsula, Sumatra, and Java, and in past geologic times undoubtedly formed a continuous land mass with these three areas and probably with other islands of Malaya, at some time perhaps including the Philippines, the Moluccas, and New Guinea. It is one of the larger islands of the World, the equator crossing it at about the middle. Its greatest length is about 830 miles, from the north-east to the south-west, and its maximum breadth is about 600 miles. In area it approximates 290,000 square miles, roughly about five times the area of England and Wales combined. Its general character is mountainous, the various ranges dividing it into more or less well defined areas, the mountains as to altitude culminating in Mount Kinabalu at the north-eastern end of the Island, which attains an altitude of 13,455 feet. Mount Kinabalu is exceeded in height in the whole Malayan region only by certain peaks in New Guinea, the highest of which is Mount Wilhelmina, 15,580 feet, the top of which is covered with perpetual snow. Numerous other mountains in Borneo attain altitudes of from 4,000 to 10,000 feet.

In all essential characters the Bornean flora, manifestly a very rich one, is of the same general type as that of the surrounding regions; Indo-China to the north; the Malay Peninsula to the north-west; Sumatra to the west; Java to the south; Celebes and the Moluccas to the east; and the Philippines to the north-east. In general the same families and genera are dominant over the entire region, yet each individual area presents a certain number of endemic genera, and apparently without exception a relatively high percentage of endemic species. In some parts of this vast area certain families of plants are much more highly developed in individual species than in other parts, but generally speaking the large families are the same in each part of the whole Indo-Malayan region. Certain characters of the Bornean flora and its phytogeographic elements are discussed below.

2

The present enumeration of Bornean plants is based on literature references and such botanical material as has been available to me chiefly those collections that have been accumulated by exchange or collection in the past eight years. While it is hoped that it is fairly complete as to those species that have actually been credited to Borneo in botanical literature in the past eighty years, the claim is not made that it is absolutely complete. The literature of systematic botany of the Indo-Malayan region is now so vast, and is so widely scattered that it is scarcely to be hoped that I have detected all of the Bornean references even in the literature at my command and certain publications, chiefly older periodicals, that I should liked to have examined, have not been available to me during the time that this list has been in preparation.

In the preparation of a preliminary paper on the bibliography of Bornean botany* I found references to Bornean plants in 479 different publications, and additions to the bibliographic list in the nature of articles and books overlooked in the preparation of the above publication, and in articles printed since it was issued brings the number of titles up to about 556. It is very probable that some recently published articles dealing with the Bornean flora have been overlooked, especially in view of the fact that on account of conditions brought about by the present war, receipts of periodical literature from some European countries have been very intermittent and from some countries has entirely ceased. Below is given a list of additions to my previously published bibliographic list.

Add to the corresponding numbers in my original list:

1. LXXV *J.c.* (1915) 113-118.
4. 7 *J.c.* 20 (1915) 1-29, t. 1-4; 8 *J.c.* 23 (1916) 1-27, t. 1-4, 197a. IV Selaginellarum species novae in insula Borneo indigenae *J.c.* 51 (1912) 241-272.
351. IX *J.c.* 77 (1917) 5-38.
400. III *J.c.* 22 (1909) 1-51; VII *J.c.* 13 (1914) 1-51.

NEW TITLES:

ANONYMOUS: "New or noteworthy plants." *Gard. Chron.* III 8 (1890) 240; 18 (1895) 292.

ANONYMOUS: "New Garden Plants." *Gard. Chron.* II 13 (1880) 200.

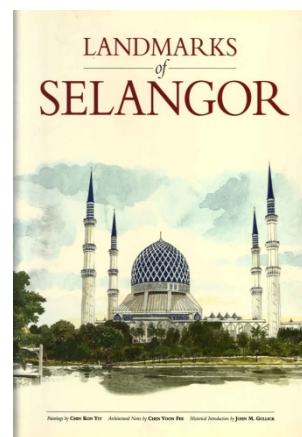
ALDERWERELT VAN ROSENBURGH, C. R. W. K. VAN: "Malayan Fern Allies. Handbook to the determination of the fern allies

* Merrill, E. D. A Contribution to the Bibliography of the Botany of Borneo. *Sarawak Museum Journal* 2 (1915) 99-136.

O4

Landmarks of Selangor

Paintings by Chin Kon Yit, architectural notes by Chen Voon Fee with historical introduction by John M. Gullick 107pp. Size: 260x300mm. Hardcover Jugra Publications, in collaboration with MBRAS 2003 ¥9,500



Contents: Kota Melawati/ Gedung Raja Abdullah/ Batu Caves/ Masjid Sultan Alaeddin Suleiman Shah/ Makam Al Marhum Sultan Abdul Samad / Istana Bandar/ Kuil Sri Subramania Swamy/ Kwan Imm Ting/ Bangunan Sultan Suleiman, Klang/ Former Standard Chartered Bank/ Bangunan Sultan Suleiman, Bukit Fraser/ Hatter's Castle/ The Gap Resthouse/ Church of Our Lady of Lourdes/ Sekolah Menengah Convent/ Sekolah Menengah Kebangsaan Tinggi/ Shophouses at Kuala Kubu Bharu/ Universiti Putra Malaysia/ Masjid Sultan Suleiman/ Kolej Islam Sultan Alam Shah/ Maison des Palmes/ Houses at Petaling Jaya/ Istana Alam Shah/ Wat Thai Buddhist Chetawan/ Makam Diraja Kota Melawati/ Kota Darul Ehsan/ Masjid India Muslim/ Istana Bukit Kayangan/ The State Memorial/ Masjid Sultan Salahuddin Abdul Aziz Shah/ Cash Centre, Bank Negara, Shah Alam/ Muzium Sultan Alam Shah/ Rimbun Dahan/ Titian Canopy Walkway/ Menara Mesiniaga/ Rudinara/ Shah Alam Stadium and Melawati Stadium The Royal Selangor Yacht Club/ KLIA & Sepang F1 Circuit/ D'hulimiti, Boh Plantation Bungalow/ Tugu Keris

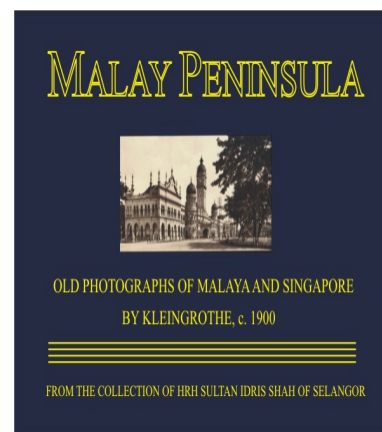
This sumptuously laid out volume was commissioned by HRH Sultan Sharafuddin Idris Shah of Selangor, the MBRAS patron, to mark his coronation in 2003. As a monarch greatly interested in heritage and conservation, no better tribute to this illustrious state could be paid than undertaking to produce a handsome compilation of architecturally distinguished buildings all over Selangor. The book will surely stand the test of time as ample testimony to the rich architectural heritage of Selangor...

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/landmarks.html>

O5

Malay Peninsula: Old Photographs of Malaya and Singapore by C.J. Kleingrothe, C. 1900 from the Collection of HRH Sultan Idris Shah of Selangor

Introduction by John Falconer, with captions by Neil Khor and Gretchen Liu 144pp. Size: 380x270mm. Hardcover Jugra Publications, produced and designed by Editions Didier Millet 2009 ¥20,000



Little biographical information has come to light about the elusive Charles J. Kleingrothe, the photographer whose images of the Dutch East Indies and British Malaya are now highly sought after collector's items. In the late 1860s, Kleingrothe worked for G.R. Lambert & Co., a leading photographer of Singapore whose prints had been compiled in a similar though less sumptuous volume years ago. When the plantation economy of Sumatra flourished in the latter half of the 19th century, G.R. Lambert opened a branch of its studios in Medan in 1888, then part of the old Deli Sultanate, for which Kleingrothe was put in charge. His pictorial record of Sumatra plantations of the day are unrivalled and was probably one of the few sources on this largely-forgotten phase in the history of the island. When the Medan branch declined and was subsequently wound up during the Great War in 1916, Kleingrothe too seemed to have disappeared without a trace....

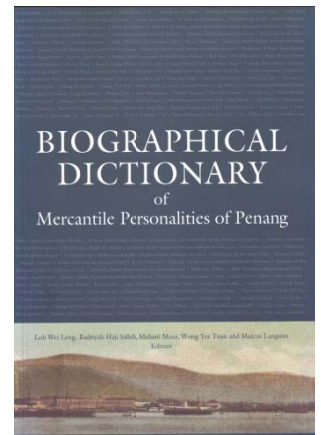
→<http://www.mbras.org.my/kleingrothe.html>

O6

Biographical Dictionary of Mercantile Personalities of Penang

Editors Loh Wei Leng, Badriyah Haji Salleh, Mahani Musa, Wong Yee Tuan and Marcus Langdon 228pp. Size: 210x300mm.

Softcover 2013 ¥7,000



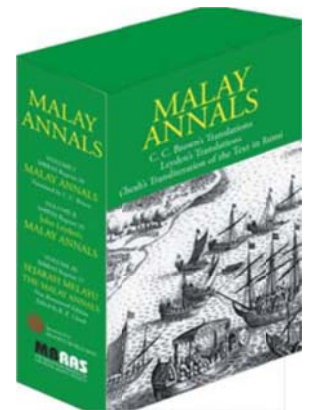
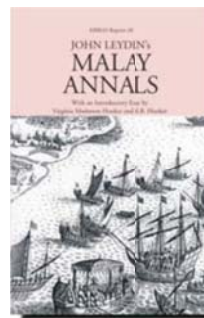
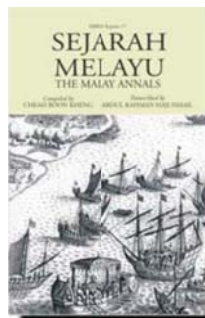
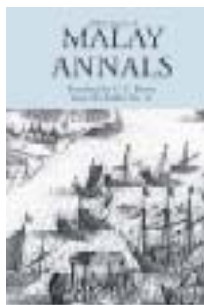
Following the settlement of Penang by the British East India Company in 1786 the island quickly developed into a flourishing maritime port of exchange. By 1805 the population was 'so diversified as at this day to write in 13 distinct alphabets, & speak in 28 distinct dialects'.....

→<http://www.mbras.org.my/biographicdic.html>

O7

Box Set of 3-volume Malay Annals/Sejarah Melayu (Paperback)

142x215mm S/C (Available only in box set of 3 volumes) ¥12,000



O8

Index Malaysiana (1878-1983)



O9

Journal of the Malaysian Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society (ISSN: 0126-7353)



※O8,O9 の内容・価格等詳細については、お問い合わせください。